

## AR:4– Decline of the Republic— Q/A

Recommended Reading: Story of the Romans by Guerber, “Roman Amusements” to “Pompey” and Story of Rome by Macgregor, “Cornelia” to “Pompey defeats Mithridates.

- 1) This family helped found the populares party by promoting more rights for plebeians and a more equitable distribution of land.
- 2) This man said "Rome is a city for sale and doomed to destruction as soon as it finds a purchaser."
- 3) Sulla fought under Marius in these two wars before the two men became entirely estranged.
- 4) This war, which began in 89 BC, was fought over the rights of Italian citizens, and temporarily put an end to the quarrel between Sulla and Marius
- 5) This former gladiator was a talented military leader and led a slave rebellion in Italy that lasted over two years.
- 6) This Roman general transformed the Roman Army from an organization of citizen soldiers to regiment of professional fighting men.
- 7) This animal was the symbol of the Roman army. Each legion carried one on its standard into battle.
- 8) The noblewoman, when asked to show her jewels, brought forth her two sons, who later sacrificed their lives for the cause of land reform.
- 9) Tiberius and Gaius Gracchus were both elected to this office before being assassinated by their political enemies.
- 10) After being abandoned by his ship's crew, trapped in a marsh, captured and nearly killed in Italy, Marius fled to this provincial City.
- 11) This was an officer in the Roman army who was typically in charge of 80 to 100 fighting men.

- 12) Sulla was impatient to put down the rebellion in Greece, so soon after banishing Marius, he left to besiege this city, the center of the rebellion.
- 13) The Teutones were defeated by Marius at this battle before they could cross into Italy.
- 14) The Social War was fought because these people demanded full rights of Roman citizenship, which would give them control of the Senate.
- 15) This was the Roman term for men such as Marius and Cicero, the first men from their families to be elected consul.
- 16) This was the reason Marius was elected Consul six years in a row, against all Roman precedent.
- 17) This general, who was in charge of disposing of the property of Sulla's enemies, became the wealthiest man in Rome.
- 18) When this former consul returned to Rome after a two year exile, he surrounded himself with thugs who murdered his political enemies on command.
- 19) The exiles, Cinna and Marius, were able to gain control of Rome by force because this Roman general was absent, putting down a Greek rebellion in the east.
- 20) This King of Pontus in Asia Minor, caused enormous troubles for the Romans by attacking cities, and stirring up conflicts along Rome's border with Persia.
- 21) While Sulla's army was still in the east, and the Roman government was in chaos, this foreign enemy surrounded the city and prepared to attack.
- 22) This general, who once served under Marius, escaped to Hispania and led several successful native rebellions against Rome before being assassinated by a traitor.
- 23) After the death of Marius, this man had himself elected Consul and ruled Rome for three years.
- 24) A great many supporters of Marius did this when they heard that Sulla was returning to Rome at the head of an army.