

BME:6 – Stuarts and Civil War — Q/A

*Recommended Reading: Story of the English by Guerber, Chapters 83-94,
Our Island Story by Marshall. Chapters 74-89*

- 1) This person, one of the conspirators involved in the 'Gunpowder Plot', was caught red-handed guarding a room filled with explosives.
- 2) This British king, the first to rule both Scotland and England, was born to Mary Stuart, Queen of Scots.
- 3) This term applies to those who supported Charles II during the English Civil War.
- 4) During the English Civil War, the Puritans were called Roundheads because they did this.
- 5) This political party of the late Stuart era was made up of strongly anti-Catholic Protestants.
- 6) The gunpowder plot was discovered when this happened.
- 7) The Pilgrims set sail for the New World and founded a colony in Plymouth during the reign of this English monarch.
- 8) The Christian dissenters who left England for the New World during the reign of James I were called this.
- 9) James I temporarily released Sir Walter Raleigh from prison so he could do this.
- 10) Cromwell sent his men to take custody of Charles I after he surrendered to the Scots in order to prevent the Parliament army from doing this.
- 11) Edgehill, Marston Moor, and Naseby were critical battles in the first phase of this war.

- 12) This group of men formed Cromwell's Rump parliament.
- 13) This Puritan general rose to prominence as leader of the Parliament cavalry and afterward formed the 'New Model Army'.
- 14)** This rebellion occurred when Cromwell's men surrounded parliament and sent away all the members who would not do his bidding.
- 15) This term applies to those who were allied with Parliament during the English Civil Wars.
- 16) This was Charles I's main defense at his trial for treason.
- 17) Within a few years of ending the English Civil War, Britain was involved in a naval war with this country.
- 18) When the "rump Parliament" that remained after Pride's Purge failed to please him, Cromwell did this.
- 19) This famous poet was a contemporary of Oliver Cromwell and wrote "Paradise Lost" while blind.
- 20) While Oliver Cromwell was head of state he used this title.
- 21) This Puritan general was instrumental in restoring Charles II to the throne of England after the death of Cromwell. **k**
- 22) This classical Christian allegory was written while John Bunyan was imprisoned for his "non-conformist" beliefs during the reign of Charles II.
- 23) After ten years of a commonwealth run by a Puritan army, many Englishmen wanted to restore the monarchy for this reason.
- 24) This political party of the late Stuart era was made up of Royalists and high Church Anglicans.