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SH:2 – Persecution and Triumph – Q/A

*Recommended Reading: Witness to the Faith by Seton Chapters 2-3
Church History by Fr. John Laux. Section 1, 1st Per, Chapters 8-9*

- 1) This saint is said to have carried the Christ child across a river and is the patron saint of travelers.
- 2) This soldier saint was in charge of Roman military fire-brigades, and was martyred by drowning. He is the patron saint of firemen.
- 3) This bishop of Caesarea wrote a history of the Church in the early 300s that provides much detail about early Christian communities, rituals, and persecutions.
- 4) This Church council was called in 431 to combat the Nestorian heresy, which spread primarily in the east and denied the union of Christ's human and divine nature.
- 5) This Church Father, a disciple of Polycarp, became a missionary to Gaul and served as bishop after the Christian community there suffered terrible persecutions.
- 6) This saint, one of the foremost apologists of the Early Church, wrote letters to the Roman Emperors defending Christians and was martyred under Marcus Aurelius.
- 7) This captain of the Praetorian Guard was shot through with hundreds of arrows and miraculously survived, but was later beaten to death with clubs.
- 8) These are the four Latin speaking Great Fathers.
- 9) During the worst of the persecutions Christians met in these underground caverns used for burying the dead.
- 10) This was the profession of Saint Blaise, the patron saint of throat disease.
- 11) These Christian physician martyrs were twin brothers who practiced medicine for no payment, made miraculous cures, and brought many souls to Christ.

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- 12) Only ten years after the severe Diocletian persecutions, Constantine signed this law, making Christianity legal throughout the Roman Empire.
- 13) The name of this virgin-martyr, the patron saint of young girls, comes from the Latin word for lamb-like, denoting modesty and innocence.
- 14) This saint's father locked her in a tower, and then beheaded her for being secretly baptized. After her death her father was struck by lightning and consumed by fire.
- 15) When this virgin martyr refused to sacrifice to Roman gods and soldiers tried to carry her away, their combined strength could not move her.
- 16) This Sicilian maiden was tortured and martyred for rebuffing the advances of a Roman prefect. She is the patron saint of breast cancer patients.
- 17) This was the earliest known British martyr. He sheltered a Christian priest and when his house was raided presented himself in place of the fugitive.
- 18) This Roman noblewoman, who appeared to Joan of Arc in a vision, was a renowned scholar before she was martyred by Emperor Maxentius.
- 19) These Cobbler brothers fled from Rome to Gaul to avoid persecution but were nevertheless, imprisoned and beheaded during Diocletian persecutions.
- 20) The capital of New Mexico is named after this virgin martyr from Gaul, who refused to renounce her faith and was tortured by being roasted on a hot iron.
- 21) These saints of second century Gaul were severely persecuted and many members, including the bishop Pothinus, were killed for the faith.
- 22) This saint was the first Bishop of Paris and was beheaded by Druids because of his success in converting the Gauls to Christianity.
- 23) This commander of the Theban legion, perished along with his entire legion when he refused Emperor Maximian's order to slaughter Christians.
- 24) This Roman youth was carrying the blessed Eucharist to Christians in prison when he was tormented and stoned to death by pagans.