

GEOGRAPHY TERMS AND OUTLINE MAPS

United States Geography

Early American Settlements

- Roanoke:** Located off the coast of North Carolina; vanished while waiting for supplies from England.
- Jamestown:** Settled in 1607, first permanent colony in North America.
- Plymouth Colony:** In 1620, the Pilgrims came here from Europe in order to gain freedom of religion.
- Massachusetts:** Founded in 1630, ten years after the Pilgrims arrived at Plymouth, centered in Boston.
- New Amsterdam:** Founded by Dutch settlers in 1625. (Later New York)

Thirteen Colonies

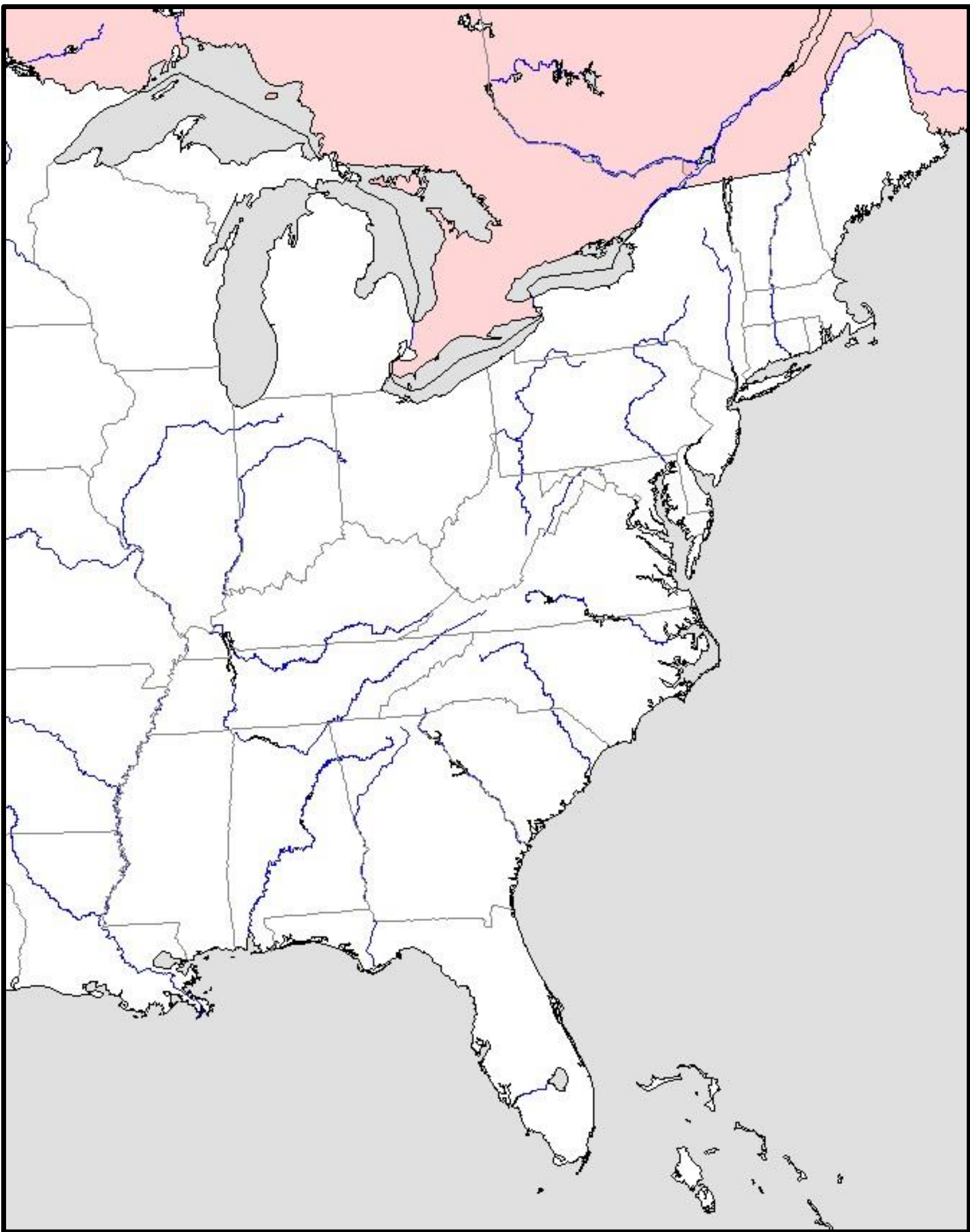
Virginia (1607), New Hampshire (1623), Massachusetts (1630), Maryland (1634), Connecticut (1635), Rhode Island (1636), Delaware (1664), New Jersey (1664), New York (1664), North Carolina (1672), South Carolina (1672), Pennsylvania (1682), Georgia (1732)

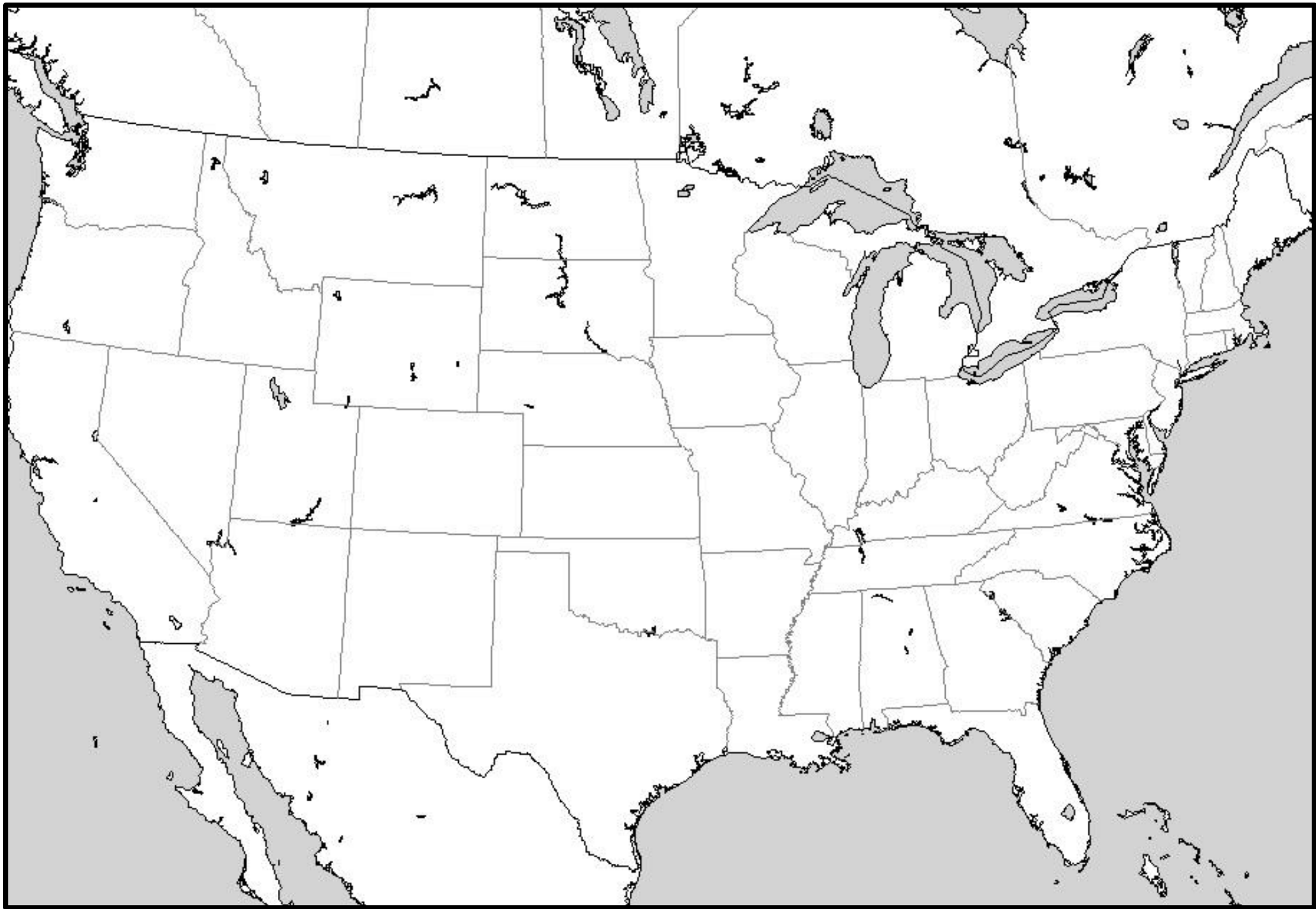
Cities

- Philadelphia:** Site of Continental Congress (1774) and Constitutional Convention (1787).
- Boston:** Site of the Boston Massacre (1770) and Boston Tea Party (1773) .
- Salem:** Site of the Salem Witch Trials (1692).
- Washington D.C.:** Capital of the United States of America.
- New York:** Large commercial and banking port city at the mouth of the Hudson river.
- St. Louis:** Located at junction of the Missouri and Mississippi Rivers. Known as the 'Gateway to the West.'
- New Orleans:** At the mouth of the Mississippi river, it was capital of the French Louisiana Territory.
- San Francisco:** Founded by Spanish missionaries; became the major port in California following the Gold Rush of 1849.

Rivers, Water Bodies

- The Great Lakes:** Superior, Michigan, Huron, Erie, and Ontario form border between British colonies and Canada.
- Chesapeake Bay:** Largest estuary on the East Coast; drains over 150 rivers to the Atlantic Ocean.
- Hudson River:** River flowing south through New York, mouth at New York City.
- Delaware River:** Natural border between Pennsylvania, New Jersey, and Delaware.
- Lake Champlain:** Border between French Canada and British colonies.
- Potomac River:** Border between Virginia and Maryland colonies.
- Gulf of Mexico:** Gulf below the southeastern United States and eastern Mexico.
- Mississippi River:** The largest river in North America. Drains the entire central United States.
- St. Lawrence River:** Named by explorer Jacques Cartier, this river connects the Great Lakes to the Atlantic Ocean.





European History

Empires of Europe

Holy Roman Empire, Austria-Hungary, Ottoman Empire

Kingdoms of Europe

England, Scotland, France, Norway, Sweden,
Denmark, Spain, Portugal, Netherlands

Cities of Europe

London, Paris, Antwerp, Rome, Vienna, Genoa, Venice

Mountains

- Alps:** Mountains that formed northern border of Italy.
- Apennines:** Mountain range running from north to south through all of Italy.
- Pyrenees:** Mountain range between France and Spain.

Rivers

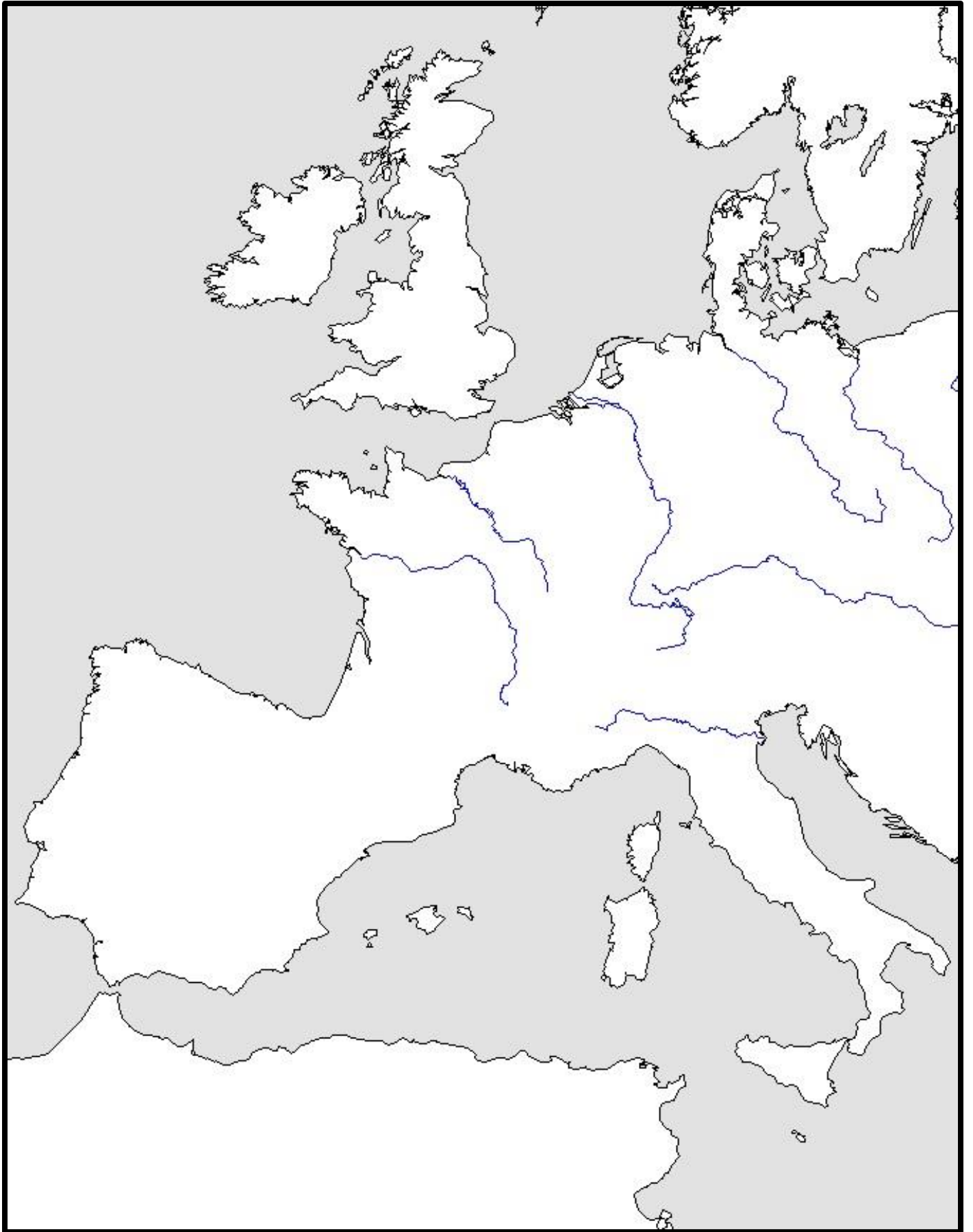
- Po:** Major River through North of Italy, mouth near Venice
- Seine:** Runs through the city of Paris toward the English Channel.
- Thames:** Flows through central London toward the English Channel.
- Rhone:** River in the south of France; empties into Mediterranean near Italian border.
- Rhine:** River that runs from the Swiss Alps through Germany into the North Sea.
- Ebro:** River flowing through the north of Spain.
- Danube:** River that begins in Germany and runs through Central Europe to empty in the Black Sea.

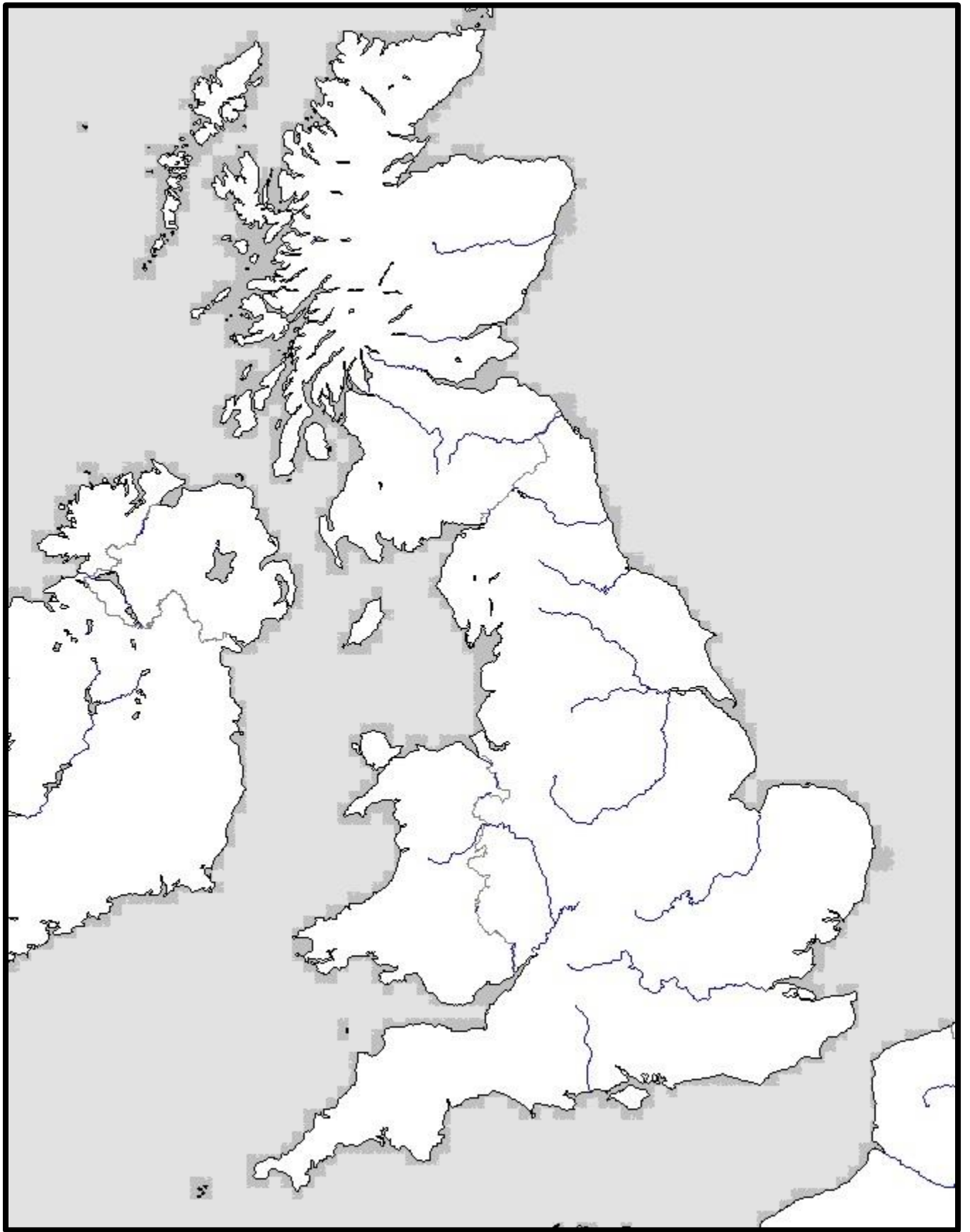
Seas

Mediterranean Sea, North Sea, Baltic Sea, Black Sea, Adriatic Sea

Straits

Strait of Gibraltar, English Channel





Ancient History

Cities

Rome:	Latin colony; grew to dominate Mediterranean region.
Syracuse:	Foremost city of Sicily, location of frequent battles.
Carthage:	Foremost city of the Phoenicians in the West. Greatest enemy of Rome (Tunis) and home of Hannibal.
Constantinople:	Founded by Constantine in 330, it became capital of the Eastern Empire. (Istanbul)
Athens:	Home of Socrates and the center of learning in the ancient world.
Sparta:	Military leaders of the ancient world. Most important city on the Peloponnesian peninsula.
Alexandria:	Capital of Egypt at the Mouth of the Nile. Founded by Alexander the Great.
Troy:	Setting for Homer's epic, the Iliad. Destroyed by the Greeks at the end of the 10 year Trojan War.

Rivers and Water Bodies

Tiber:	Major river through central Italy on which Rome is situated.
Aegean Sea:	Sea between Greece and Asia Minor. Location of many Greek colonies.
Pillars of Hercules:	Strait of Gibraltar. The entrance to the Mediterranean Sea from the Atlantic Ocean.
Nile:	Major River of Egypt.
The Hellespont:	Channel that divides Southern Europe from Asia Minor.

